ENGROSSED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 406

(By Senators Kessler (Mr. President), Beach, Wills and Unger)

 $[Originating\ in\ the\ Committee\ on\ the\ Judiciary;$

reported February 16, 2012.]

A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §19-20-26, relating to protecting dogs by creating regulations for commercial dogbreeding operations; providing definitions; providing exceptions; allowing commercial breeders to sell dogs only as household pets; requiring a business license if required by the locality; authorizing county commissions to charge a fee to a commercial dog breeder to obtain an annual permit to operate; limiting the amount of the fee which may be charged; providing for the responsibilities of the commercial dog breeder; setting forth the requirements for maintaining adequate

housing facilities and primary enclosures; providing for inspections by animal control officers or law-enforcement officers; prohibiting a commercial dog breeder to operate if convicted of animal cruelty; providing for no exemption from these provisions for a facility licensed by the United States Department of Agriculture; and providing criminal penalties.

That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §19-20-26, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. DOGS AND CATS.

§19-20-26. Commercial dog-breeding operations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- 1 (a) As used in this section:
- 2 (1) "Advertisement" means any media used to promote
- 3 the sale of dogs including, but not limited to, the Internet,
- 4 newspapers, flyers, magazines, radio, television, bulletins
- 5 and signs.
- 6 (2) "Commercial dog breeder" means any person who:
- 7 (A) Maintains eleven or more unsterilized dogs over the
- 8 age of one year;
- 9 (B) Is engaged in the business of breeding dogs exclu-
- 10 sively as household pets for direct or indirect sale or for
- 11 exchange in return for consideration; and

- 12 (C) Commercial dog breeder shall not include:
- 13 (i) Any person who keeps or breeds dogs for the purpose
- 14 of herding or guarding livestock or farm animals, hunting,
- 15 tracking or exhibiting in dog shows, performance events or
- 16 field and obedience trials; and
- 17 (ii) Any person who holds an occupational permit from,
- 18 and has registered a greyhound kennel name with, the West
- 19 Virginia Racing Commission.
- 20 (3) "Class I Commercial Dog Breeder" means a commer-
- 21 cial dog breeder that possesses eleven to thirty unsterilized
- 22 dogs over the age of one year at any one time.
- 23 (4) "Class II Commercial Dog Breeder" means a commer-
- 24 cial dog breeder that possesses more than thirty unsterilized
- 25 dogs over the age of one year at any time.
- 26 (5) "Housing facility" means a structure in which dogs
- 27 are kept that provides them with shelter, protection from the
- 28 elements and protection from temperature extremes.
- 29 (6) "Primary enclosure" means a structure that restricts
- 30 a dog's ability to move in a limited amount of space, such as
- 31 a room, cage or compartment.
- 32 (b) No commercial dog breeder may possess, control or
- 33 otherwise own or maintain more than fifty unsterilized dogs

- over the age of one year for the primary purpose of breeding and selling the offspring exclusively as household pets. A commercial dog breeder found to be in violation of this section shall spay or neuter, sell, transfer or relinquish the
- 38 excess dog(s) within thirty days following notification of the
- 39 violation.
- 40 (c) No commercial dog breeder may breed dogs without
- 41 a valid business license issued by the locality in which the
- 42 dog breeding operation is located, if the locality so requires.
- 43 (d) A commercial dog breeder shall:
- 44 (1) Obtain a permit annually to operate, as required by
- 45 the county commission in which the commercial dog-breed-
- 46 ing operation is located. County commissions are authorized
- 47 to charge a fee to commercial dog breeders and shall deposit
- 48 the fees collected in a specially designated account to be used
- 49 for animal rescue purposes and for spay/neuter programs
- 50 administered by county animal shelters or other humane
- 51 organizations. The fee for a Class I commercial dog-breeding
- 52 permit shall be an amount determined by the county com-
- 53 mission, not to exceed \$250 per year. The fee for a Class II
- 54 commercial dog-breeding permit shall be an amount deter-
- 55 mined by the county commission, not to exceed \$500 per
- 56 year;

- 57 (2) Breed female dogs only after the breeder has obtained
- 58 an annual certification by a licensed veterinarian that the
- 59 dog is in suitable health for breeding;
- 60 (3) Dispose of dogs only by gift, sale, transfer, barter or
- 61 euthanasia by a licensed veterinarian;
- 62 (4) Maintain current, valid rabies certificates for every
- 63 dog over the age of four months;
- 64 (5) Include the breeder's annual permit number on any
- 65 advertisement for the sale of a dog;
- 66 (6) If selling directly to the public, post a conspicuous
- 67 notice containing the breeder's name, address and annual
- 68 permit number on each cage;
- 69 (7) Provide for the humane treatment of dogs in accor-
- 70 dance with section nineteen, article eight, chapter sixty-one
- 71 of this code:
- 72 (8) Provide dogs with easy and convenient access to
- 73 adequate amounts of clean food and water. Food and water
- 74 receptacles must be regularly cleaned and sanitized. All
- 75 enclosures must contain potable water that is not frozen, is
- 76 substantially free from debris and is readily accessible to all
- 77 dogs in the enclosure at all times;

- 78 (9) Provide veterinary care without delay when neces-
- 79 sary; and
- 80 (10) Maintain adequate housing facilities and primary
- 81 enclosures that meet the following minimum requirements:
- 82 (A) Housing facilities and primary enclosures must be
- 83 kept in a sanitary condition and in good repair; must be
- 84 sufficiently ventilated at all times to minimize odors, drafts,
- 85 ammonia levels and to prevent moisture condensation; must
- 86 have a means of fire suppression, such as functioning fire
- 87 extinguishers or a sprinkler system on the premises; and
- 88 must have sufficient lighting to allow for observation of the
- 89 dogs at any time of day or night;
- 90 (B) Housing facilities must enable all dogs to remain dry
- 91 and clean;
- 92 (C) Housing facilities must provide shelter and protection
- 93 from extreme temperatures and weather conditions that may
- 94 be uncomfortable or hazardous to the dogs;
- 95 (D) Housing facilities must provide sufficient shade to
- 96 shelter all the dogs housed in the primary enclosure at one
- 97 time;
- 98 (E) A primary enclosure must have solid floors that are

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- 99 constructed in a manner that protects the dogs' feet and legs100 from injury;
- 101 (F) Primary enclosures must be placed no higher than 102 forty-two inches above the floor and may not be placed over 103 or stacked on top of another cage or primary enclosure;
- 104 (G) Feces, hair, dirt, debris and food waste must be
 105 removed from primary enclosures and housing facilities at
 106 least daily or more often if necessary to prevent accumula107 tion and to reduce disease hazards, insects, pests and odors;
- 109 be compatible, as determined by observation. Breeding 110 females in heat may not be in the same enclosure at the same 111 time with sexually mature males, except for breeding

(H) All dogs in the same enclosure at the same time must

- purposes. Breeding females and their litters may not be inthe same enclosure at the same time with other adult dogs.
- 114 Puppies under twelve weeks may not be in the same enclo-
- sure at the same time with other adult dogs, other than the
- 116 dam or foster dam unless under immediate supervision; and
- 117 (I) Sick dogs shall be isolated sufficiently so as not to 118 endanger the health of other dogs.
- (e) To ensure compliance with state animal care laws and
 regulations, commercial dog-breeding locations are subject

- 121 to inspection by animal control officers or law-enforcement
- 122 officers at least twice annually. Animal control or law-
- $123 \quad enforcement \, of ficers \, shall \, give \, a \, commercial \, dog \, breeder \, five$
- 124 business days notice of any upcoming inspection.
- (f) It is unlawful for a commercial dog breeder to operate
- 126 if he or she has been convicted of animal cruelty in any local,
- 127 state or federal jurisdiction.
- 128 (g) Any commercial dog breeder who violates any
- 129 provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon
- 130 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000.
- (h) Nothing in this section exempts a facility licensed by
- 132 the United States Department of Agriculture from compli-
- 133 ance.
- (i) Nothing in this section prevents any local, state or
- 135 federal law-enforcement agency from investigating animal
- 136 cruelty in commercial dog-breeding operations.